Weekly Insights 6 May 2021: What do PMIs, Consumer Spending & Domestic Credit Tell us about Economic Activity?

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1. Manufacturing PMI rises globally; but, widespread

### Heatmap of Manufacturing PMIs

	US	Germany	EU	UK	Japan	China	India
Jan-19	54.9	49.7	50.6	52.8	50.3	48.3	53.9
Feb-19	53.0	47.6	49.5	52.1	48.9	49.9	54.3
Mar-19	52.4	44.1	48.3	55.1	49.2	50.8	52.6
Apr-19	52.6	44.4	48.4	53.1	50.2	50.2	51.8
May-19	50.5	44.3	47.9	49.4	49.8	50.2	52.7
Jun-19	50.6	45.0	47.6	48.0	49.3	49.4	52.1
Jul-19	50.4	43.2	46.6	48.0	49.4	49.9	52.5
Aug-19	50.3	43.5	47.1	47.4	49.3	50.4	51.4
Sep-19	51.1	41.7	46.0	48.3	48.9	51.4	51.4
Oct-19	51.3	42.1	46.2	49.6	48.4	51.7	50.6
Nov-19	52.6	44.1	47.0	48.9	48.9	51.8	51.2
Dec-19	52.4	43.7	46.4	47.5	48.4	51.5	52.7
Jan-20	51.9	45.3	48.1	50.0	48.8	51.1	55.3
Feb-20	50.7	48.0	49.1	51.7	47.8	40.3	54.5
Mar-20	48.5	45.4	44.3	47.8	44.8	50.1	51.8
Apr-20	36.1	34.5	33.4	32.6	41.9	49.4	27.4
May-20	39.8	36.6	39.5	40.7	38.4	50.7	30.8
Jun-20	49.8	45.2	47.4	50.1	40.1	51.2	47.2
Jul-20	50.9	51.0	51.7	53.3	45.2	52.8	46.0
Aug-20	53.1	52.2	51.6	55.2	47.2	53.1	52.0
Sep-20	53.2	56.4	53.5	54.1	47.7	53.0	56.8
Oct-20	53.4	58.2	54.8	53.7	48.7	53.6	58.9
Nov-20	56.7	57.8	53.8	55.6	49.0	54.9	56.3
Dec-20	57.1	58.3	55.2	57.5	50.0	53.0	56.4
Jan-21	59.2	57.1	54.8	54.1	49.8	51.5	57.7
Feb-21	58.6	60.7	57.9	55.1	51.4	50.9	57.5
Mar-21	59.1	66.6	62.5	58.9	52.7	50.6	55.4
Apr-21	60.5	66.2	62.9	60.9	53.6	51.9	55.5

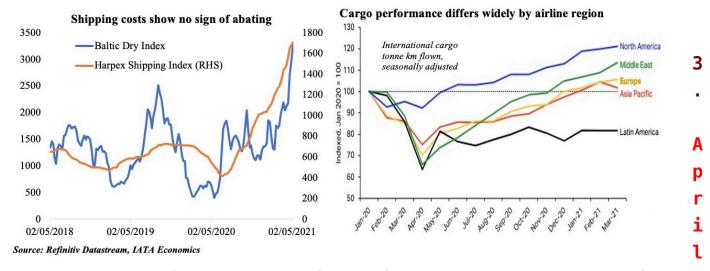
Source: Refinitiv Datastream, Nasser Saidi & Associates

- The vaccination pace has been steadily increasing in many advanced nations including the US and UK — allowing the nations to reduce and/or remove severe restrictions. This has resulted in a return in confidence, evident in recent PMI data.
- However, the recent surge in Covid cases in India and Brazil could result in spillovers (Singapore reverted to Phase 2 restrictions); the only way out seems to be to vaccinating a vast majority of the global population.
- •Unfortunately, poor countries are severely lagging behind in vaccination: in Africa, just 1% of the population has received at least one jab and 4.4% in

- Asia. This compares to 22% and 44% in Europe and America respectively. Vaccine shortages are still a problem (India's Serum Institute is said to be severely behind on production)
- Another word of caution : while global manufacturing PMI hit a 11-year high, record supply chain delays are leading to production constraints; input costs rose at the fastest rate in a decade

## 2. Shipping costs climb as demand increases, while air cargo struggles to keep up

- Container ship port calls are in many regions back to pre-pandemic numbers or higher (UNCTAD). But, high demand alongside shortage of containers has led to a surge in shipping costs (especially on long-distance routes). The recent Suez Canal blockage calls into question the vulnerability of trade chokepoints.
- Demand for commercial air traffic remains depressed: long-haul flights are still bearing most of the brunt as domestic travel is slowly picking up (as seen in China and the US). Travel bookings indicate strong domestic travel intentions and Europe could also witness a boost when it opens in summer for vaccinated tourists.
- Closure of long-haul routes continue to affect Middle Eastern airlines (revenue passenger kilometers were down by 81.7% yoy in Feb vs 74.7% globally); but, strong cargo growth was recorded (growing by 8.7% yoy in Feb 2021 vs the 9.5% drop in 2020; Middle East-Asia route grew the most by 26.7% in Feb vs -7% in 2020)

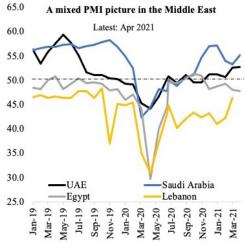


## PMIs edged up in UAE & Saudi Arabia: but employment sub-index diverges (as UAE stays below 50)

Heatmap of non-oil private sector PMIs in Middle East

	UAE	Saudi Arabia	Egypt	Lebanon
Jan-19	56.3	56.2	48.5	46.5
Feb-19	53.4	56.6	48.2	46.9
Mar-19	55.7	56.8	49.9	46.3
Apr-19	57.6	56.8	50.8	46.7
May-19	59.4	57.3	48.2	46.3
Jun-19	57.7	57.4	49.2	46.3
Jul-19	55.1	56.6	50.3	47.7
Aug-19	51.6	57.0	49.4	47.8
Sep-19	51.1	57.3	49.5	46.4
Oct-19	51.1	57.8	49.2	48.3
Nov-19	50.3	58.3	47.9	37.0
Dec-19	50.2	56.9	48.2	45.1
Jan-20	49.3	54.9	46.0	44.9
Feb-20	49.1	52.5	47.1	45.4
Mar-20	45.2	42.4	44.2	35.0
Apr-20	44.1	44.4	29.7	30.9
May-20	46.7	48.1	40.0	37.2
Jun-20	50.4	47.7	44.6	43.2
Jul-20	50.8	50.0	49.6	44.9
Aug-20	49.4	48.8	49.4	40.1
Sep-20	51.0	50.7	50.4	42.1
Oct-20	49.5	51.0	51.4	43.3
Nov-20	49.5	54.7	50.9	42.4
Dec-20	51.2	57.0	48.2	43.2
Jan-21	51.2	57.1	48.7	41.0
Feb-21	50.6	53.9	49.3	42.2
Mar-21	52.6	53.3	48.0	46.4
Apr-21	52.7	55.2	47.7	n.a.





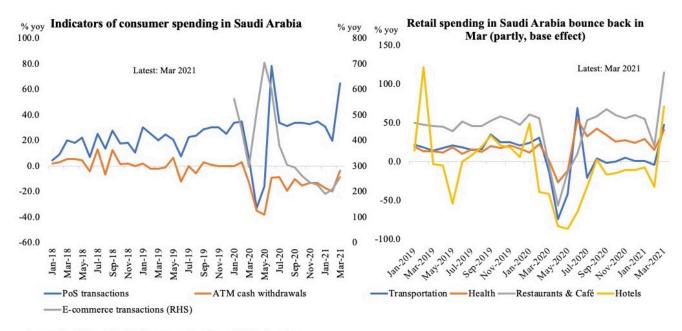
Source: Refinitiv Datastream. Chart by Nasser Saidi & Associates

Source: Refinitiv Datastream. Table by Nasser Saidi & Associates

- In MENA, both Saudi Arabia and UAE posted higher PMI readings in Apr; Egypt declined further, falling below-50 for the 5th consecutive month.
- While vaccination pace is quite varied in the region, it seems to have a significant impact on business confidenc and the expectations of continued economic recovery. UAE has been the leader in vaccinating its residents, administering 108.99 doses per 100 persons, versus Saudi Arabia's 28.2 and Egypt's 0.64. This confidence has translated into the PMI readings.
- With UAE's major export markets still rattled by Covid19, near-term outlook has risks; employment subindex also fell for the 3rd month in a row. Though export orders rose, demand was largely domestic based.

### 4. Consumer Spending Rebounds in Saudi Arabia

■ The Saudi Central Bank's monthly data on consumer spending showed a rebound in Mar, partly due to the low base in Mar 2020. PoS transactions continue to rise, accelerating by 64.7% yoy and 31.5% mom in Mar. ATM cash withdrawals fell by just 4% yoy, following 7 months of double-digit declines, and by 21% mom.

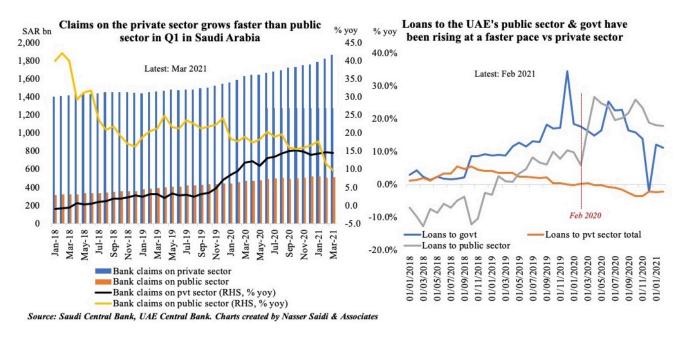


Source: Saudi Central Bank. Charts created by Nasser Saidi & Associates

• Retail spending by sector showed a decline only in education (-2% mom and -18.3% yoy); clothing and footwear posted the highest pickup in mom terms (+68.2%). Spending has been slower in a few sectors ahead of the month of Ramadan (when many discount offers are available) like food and beverages, and electronics.

### 5. Varied patterns of domestic credit growth in Saudi Arabia & the UAE

- Loans disbursed in both Saudi Arabia and the UAE has been ticking up in 2021.
- Total domestic credit disbursed in UAE grew by 2.1% yoy in Jan-Feb 2021; the uptick has been in claims to the public sector (+17.9%), government (+11.6%) and private financial institutions (+8.8%) vs loans to the private sector (-2.3%). Together, loans to the government & public sector accounted for 30% of total in Feb 2021.
- In Saudi Arabia meanwhile, claims on the private sector grew by 14.6% yoy in Q1 2021 faster than claims on the public sector (+13% yoy).



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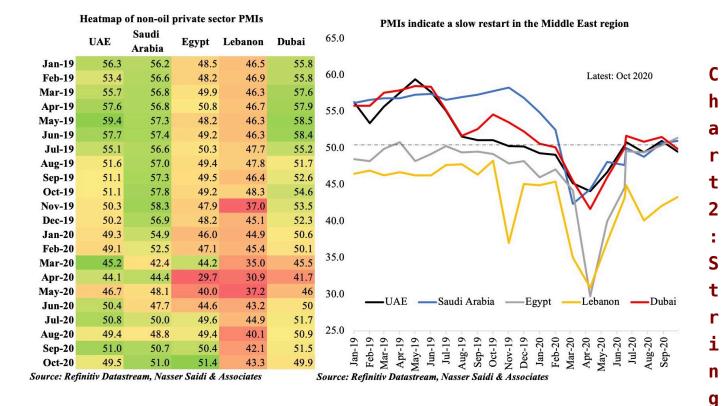
# Weekly Insights 11 Nov 2020: PMIs & Recovery (?) Indicators in the Middle East/ GCC

Download a PDF copy of this week's insight piece <a href="here">here</a>.

## PMIs & Recovery (?) Indicators in the Middle East/ GCC: A pictorial representation

### Chart 1: PMIs in the Middle East/ GCC

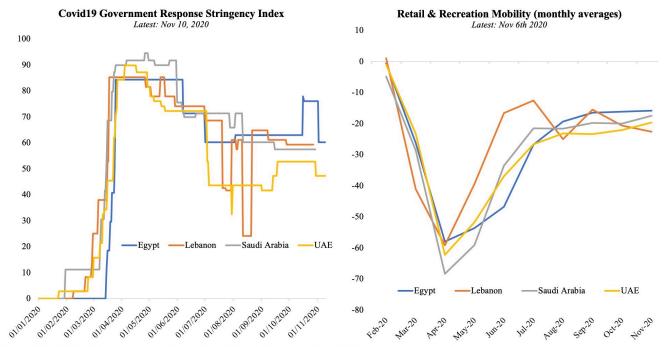
PMIs in the Middle East/ GCC have not kept pace with the increases seen across the US/ Europe/ Asia post-lockdown. Non-oil sector activity has been subdued given sector composition, a majority of which are still negatively impacted by the outbreak: tourism, wholesale/ retail & construction. Job cuts continue as part of overall cost-cutting measures & business confidence remains weak.



### ency Index & Mobility

Most economies in the Middle East are re-opening in phases, with restricted lockdowns where cases are surging. The UAE remains one of the most open (least stringent) nations in the region.

However, when it comes to mobility, the UAE seems to be a few steps behind its regional peers. This seems to be in line with a recent McKinsey finding that countries focused on keeping virus spread near zero witnessed their economies moving faster. So, ending lockdowns and reopening the country is not sufficient for resumption of economic activity. Another potential reason could be that increased use of e-commerce is leading to less footfall in retail and recreational facilities.



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Source: Oxford COVID-19 Government Response Tracker, Blavatnik School of Government, Google Mobility Indicators, Nasser Saidi & Associates

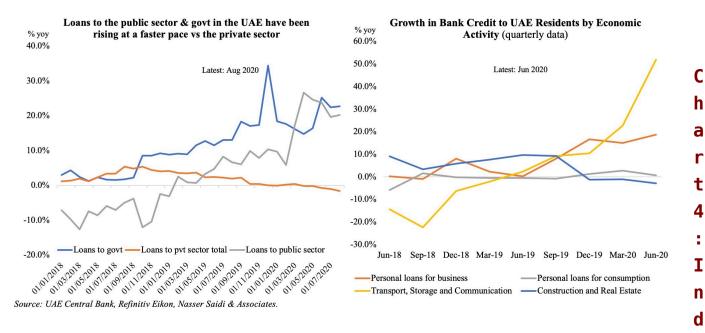
Note: The Government Response Stringency Index simply records the number and strictness of government policies, not effectiveness of the response

Mobility trends for places like restaurants, cafes, shopping centers, theme parks, museums, libraries, and movie theaters. The baseline is the median value, for the corresponding day of the week, during the 5-week period Jan 3-Feb 6, 2020.

### tors of economic activity in the UAE

Last week, the UAE central bank disclosed that its Targeted Economic Support Scheme directly impacted more than 321k beneficiaries including 310k distressed residents, 1,500 companies and 10k SMEs. The overall pace of lending to GREs (+23% yoy during Apr-Aug 2020) and the government (+20.3%) have outpaced lending to the private sector (-0.7%).

UAE banks still lent most to the private sector (70.1% of total as of Aug 2020 vs. 76% in end-2018 and 72% in end-2019), while the public sector & government together account for close to 30% of all loans in Aug 2020 (vs. 25% a year ago). Breaking it down by sector, there has been upticks in credit to both transport, storage and communication (+51.9% yoy as of end-Jun) as well as personal loans for business (+18.7% yoy) while construction sector has seen a dip (-2.9%).



### icators of economic activity in Saudi Arabia

In contrast to the UAE, loans to the private sector has been edging up in Saudi Arabia, growing by an average 13.2% yoy during the Apr-Sep period. Proxy indicators for consumer spending — ATM withdrawals and PoS transactions — are on the rise post-lockdown. Ahead of the VAT hike to 15% in Jul, there was a surge in PoS transactions in Jun, which has since then stabilized. By category, food and beverage and restaurants and cafes, continue to post increases.

Saudi Arabia published its first-ever flash estimates for GDP this week: showing a 1.2% qoq increase in Q3, though in yoy terms, growth was still down by 4.2%.

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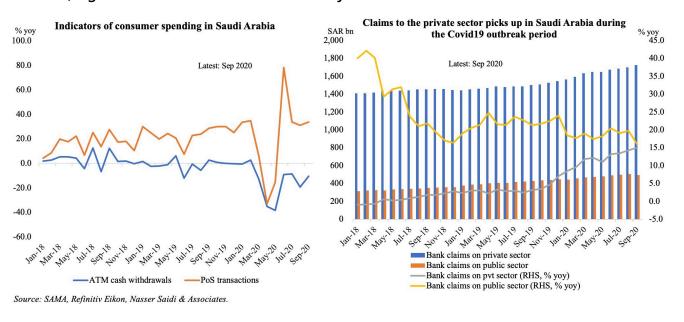
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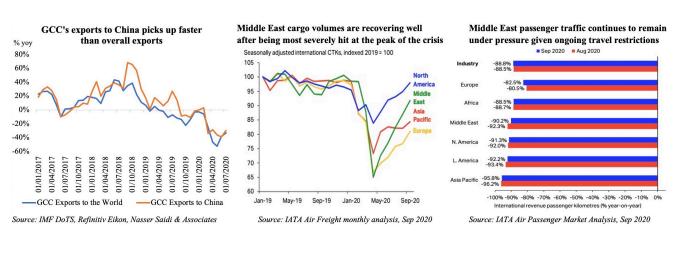
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kages with the global economy

In linkages with the global economy, we consider

- 1. **Trade**: for the GCC region, there was a significant drop in overall trade with the world during the lockdown period. While exports have started to pick up again, the pace of exports to China are relatively faster.
- 2. Passenger traffic: though international revenue passenger kilometers in the Middle East improved slightly in Sep, it continues to be the worst affected globally in terms of year-to-date data (-68.7% till Sep), as travel restrictions remain. Resumption of domestic travel (e.g. Russia, China) has supported rebounds in some regions.
- 3. Cargo volumes (cargo tonne-kilometers or CTKs) show a clear V-shaped recovery for the Middle East, due to "added capacity" following the peak of the crisis, according to IATA.



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