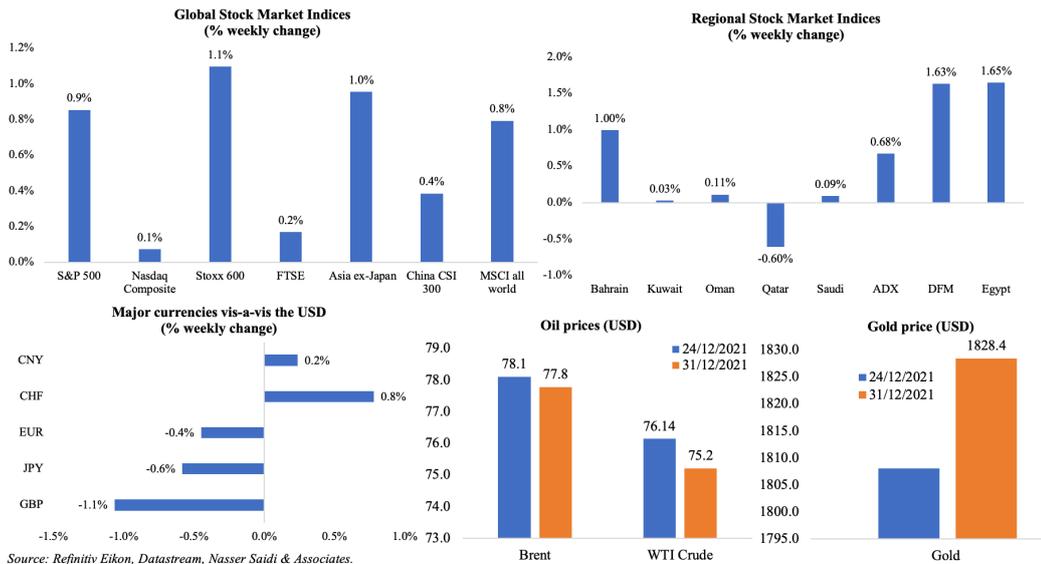

Weekly Economic Commentary – Jan 3, 2022

Markets

Most global equity markets surged in 2021: the MSCI World Index was up 17% and Topix increased by 10.4%; tech stocks strongly supported gains in the S&P 500 and Stoxx600. However, the regulatory crackdown led to Hong Kong and Chinese mainland markets posting losses (more than 14% and 5% respectively). Among regional markets, while most markets ended posting gains in 2021, Abu Dhabi emerged the biggest gainer (+68% yoy, its best performance in 16 years) followed by Saudi (+30%) and Dubai (+28.3%) while Oman posted its first yearly gain in 5 years (+13%). Turkish lira was the biggest currency loser, but the euro and the yen dropped close to 10% versus the greenback. Oil was the biggest gainer across all asset classes posting a 53%+ increase in prices last year while by contrast the gold price dropped by 4.6%.

Weekly % changes for last week (26 – 31 Dec) from 23 Dec (regional) and 24 Dec (international). Updated 7am UAE time.



Source: Refinitiv Eikon, Datastream, Nasser Saidi & Associates.

US/Americas:

- (Oct: USD **US goods trade deficit widened to a record high USD 97.8bn in Nov** 83.2bn). Exports declined by 2.1% in Nov, with only food exports posting an increase of 4.3% amid declines elsewhere; imports were up by 4.7% in Nov, led by record highs in imports of industrial supplies (to USD 63.2bn) and consumer goods (to USD 67bn).
- (Nov: 11.8), with the **Dallas Fed manufacturing business index slipped to 8.1 in Dec** production index holding steady at 26.7 while new orders index slipped to 18.1 (but **Richmond Fed manufacturing** higher than series average of 6.7). Separately, the (Nov: 12), thanks to rise in **index for Dec increased to a 5-month high of 16** shipments and new orders.
- in Oct, though down **S&P Case Shiller home price index increased by 18.4% yoy** from the 19.1% growth recorded in Sep.
- and 2.7% yoy in Nov, given limited **Pending home sales slipped by 2.2% mom** housing stock amid higher prices.
- , from the previous **Initial jobless claims fell to 198k in the week ended Dec 24** week's 206k. The 4-week average slowed to 199.25k, posting the lowest level since Oct 1969, and from 206.5k in the prior week. Continuing claims dropped by 140k to th25 (pre-pandemic). th1.716mn in the week ended Dec 17, the lowest level since Mar 7

:Europe

- No major macroeconomic data was released last week.

:Asia Pacific

- (Nov: 50.1): new **China's manufacturing PMI unexpectedly inched up to 50.3 in Dec** orders remained below-50 in Dec, though inching up to 49.7 (Nov: 49.4) while export **Non-manufacturing PMI rose to 52.7 in** orders shrank further (48.1 from Nov's 48.5). (Nov: 52.3) though new orders fell to 48.4 (Nov: 48.9) while both input costs and **Dec** selling prices fell.
- and 5.4% yoy in Nov (Oct: -5% **Industrial production in Japan grew by 7.2% mom** yoy), with the increase driven by the 43.1% mom jump in car production. The ministry also revised its assessment of IP stating that the manufacturing sector was "showing signs of recovery" versus previous readings of "at a standstill".
- (Oct: 2.7%), posting the first **Unemployment rate in Japan inched up to 2.8% in Nov** increase in 6 months. The jobs-to applications ratio remained unchanged from the month before at 1.15, meaning that there were 115 job openings for every 100 job seekers.
- (Sep: 0.9%), with an increase in **Retail trade in Japan inched up by 1.9% yoy in Nov** sales of fuel (+29.2%) and food and beverage (+4.1%). Large retailer sales also increased by 1.4%.
- in Q3 from USD **Current account balance in India slipped to USD 9.6bn in deficit** 6.6bn surplus in Q2. This was partly the result of a widening of trade deficit to USD 44.4bn in Q3 (Q2: USD 30.7bn) and an increase in net outflow of investment income. Private transfer receipts (mainly remittances) rose 3.7% yoy while net FDI inflows stood at USD 9.5bn in Q3 (from USD 24.4bn in the same quarter a year ago).
- to 3.1% yoy in Nov (Oct: 8.4%), a **India's infrastructure output growth slowed**

9-month low, with monthly declines in cement and steel output (-21.1% mom and 5% respectively).

Covid19 cases continue to rise across the world, with many developed nations breaching new record highs with respect to daily cases and airline travel severely disrupted (over 4,000 flights were cancelled just on Sunday, of which more than half were in the US). While hospitalizations are relatively lower (versus previous strains), there are unanswered questions related to supply chains, overall costs and consumer/business confidence amidst proposed tightening of monetary policies. Furthermore, a recent OPEC+ report, which estimates only a “mild” and “temporary” effect of the Omicron variant on the oil market, makes it more likely that OPEC+ will continue to raise oil output modestly at this week’s meeting.

Regional Developments

- to become a **The central bank of Bahrain gave an in-principle approval to Binance** crypto-asset provider in the country. Binance is the largest crypto exchange by trading volume.
- for a second month in Nov, falling to EGP 82.95bn from **Egypt’s net foreign assets fell** Oct’s EGP 114.2bn.
- **Egypt is planning to sell shares in power plants that were built in partnership with** , to maximise the “return on state-owned assets and refinancing state **Siemens** investments to ease the burden on the public budget” according to the head of the sovereign fund. Three 4.8GW power plants were built at a total cost of USD 7bn.
- **Three IPOs applications were approved by the Egyptian Financial Supervisory Authority** : together, the Macro Group Pharmaceuticals Nahr, El-Kheir Company for **Authority** Development and Agricultural Investment, and the Industrial and Engineering Enterprises Company are valued at over EGP 4bn (USD 255mn).
- with **in an electricity interconnectorbn8USD Egypt and Saudi Arabia are investing** a capacity of 3,000MW: this is 1.5 times more than the production of the Nile’s High Dam.
- **will be average oil export rate for Jan** ’s oil minister disclosed that the country’s **Iraq**) . **bpdbarrels per day (mn3.3**
- , with a new finance minister, while the oil **Kuwait formed a new cabinet last week** minister was re-appointed. The cabinet also includes 3 opposition lawmakers (versus 1 in the past).
- **repairs to the Arab Gas pipeline** ’s energy minister disclosed that though **Lebanon** , allowing for the delivery of Egyptian gas, the **would likely be completed by end-Feb** date is not yet confirmed. This is dependent on US clarification to Egypt that it would not be penalized by the Caesar Act (sanctions imposed on Syria).
- **Oman’s budget deficit touched an estimated OMR 1.2bn or 3.8% of GDP in** This is a massive improvement compared to 2020’s deficit at 19.3% of GDP. **2021. estimated at USD 18bn in 2021** at the central bank are **foreign reserves** Furthermore, (2020: USD 14bn).
- to be allowed entry to **employees need to be fully vaccinated** announced that **Oman** **foreign travelers need to have received** workplaces (both public and private sectors); of the vaccine to enter the country. **at least 2 doses**
- , **MENA’s quick-commerce market is expected to expand to USD 47bn by 2030**

according to research from Redseer. Grocery and food delivery will dominate, accounting for more than 80% of the market share.

Assets managed by sovereign wealth funds and public pension funds touched a •
, according to a report by Global SWF. SWF assets **record high USD 31.9trn in 2021**
grew by 6% to USD 10.5trn while those managed by pension funds jumped by 8.7% to
1bn through 45 USD 32.divested state-owned investors USD 21.4trn. Furthermore,
, half of which involved property and infrastructure assets.**transactions**



Saudi Arabia Focus

- **3-month extension of the deferred** 's central bank announced a **Saudi Arabia**
to support the private sector.**payment programme**
- **major development strategy for the city of Riyadh up to 2030 will be "finalized"** A
, after some "incomplete elements" delayed its launch, according to the state **in 2022**
news agency.
- and 12.2% mom to SAR 106.2bn (USD **Saudi Arabia's exports surged by 90% yoy** •
, thanks to the jump in oil exports (+123% yoy). Overall imports **in Oct**28.32bn)
increased by 7.6% yoy to SAR 46.3bn.
- , reversing a **Current account surplus in Saudi Arabia stood at USD 0.7bn in Q3** •
deficit of USD 21.7bn recorded in Q3 2020. The rebound was largely due to the surge in
oil exports (19.4% qoq to USD 55.1bn in Q3) while services trade deficit narrowed by
net FDI 17.6% to USD 10.1bn. Remittances grew by 11.8% yoy to USD 10.1bn and
(Q2: USD 13.8bn). **eased to USD 1.75bn in Q3**
- by 3.2% mom to SAR 1.68trn (\$447bn) in **Net foreign assets held by SAMA increased** •
Nov.
- in **Credit disbursed to the private sector in Saudi Arabia inched up by 0.6% mom** •
Nov while credit to the public sector grew by 4%. Net foreign assets inched down by
by 2% to SAR **Value of points of sale transactions grew 0.17% to SAR 47.8bn**.
41.3bn (USD 11bn) in Nov.
- : this **Remittances from Saudi Arabia edged up by 0.8% yoy to SAR 13bn in Nov** •
was down by 3.7% mom and the lowest amount since Jul 2021.
- Al Nahdi Medical Co. and Saudi **Saudi Capital Market Authority approved IPOs of** •
Home Loans Company in addition to 3 others planning to list on Nomu - Arabian
International Healthcare Holding Co., Saudi Parts Center Co. and Saudi Azm for
Communication and Information Technology Co. The approved applications are valid for
6 months.
- **the completion of** revealed **Saudi Arabia**The National Debt Management Center in •
, of which 60.5% of debt was raised from **2021's borrowing plan (of over SAR 125bn)**
local sources.
- by 27% yoy to SAR 724mn (USD **Revenues of the Saudi mining sector jumped** •
192.8mn) in Jan-Oct 2021, according to the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources.
About 690 mining licenses were issued last year.
- provided 40k job opportunities in 2021 and **real estate sector in Saudi Arabia** The •
increased private sector's participation to more than SAR 385bn (USD 103bn),
according to the minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and Housing. Furthermore,

from 35% **share of local content in real estate projects surged to 81% in 2021**the previously.

- , according to GaStat:**Saudi Arabia plans to generate over 15,000 GW hours by 2024** this will supply close to 700k houses with energy and will likely provide 7870 job opportunities.
- for repo, reverse repo, **Saudi Central Bank will use Bloomberg’s auction system** The and open market operations starting this month.
- , with residents asked to wear masks**Saudi Arabia has tightened Covid19 restrictions** and practice social distancing both indoors and outdoors, at activities and events.



- , held mostly by [plans to remove monopolies UAE government](#) The FT reported that . This would allow foreign firms **on the sale of imported goods**UAE family businesses, the opportunity to distribute their own goods or change local agents. Following this issued a statement that a draft law on commercial **Ministry of Economy**news, the **still too early to give** agencies was still going through the legislative process, and “it is **details**”
- on Sun (2 Jan): expenditure for the **Dubai budget for 2022-24 was approved** The period stands at AED 181bn (USD 49bn) whereas this year’s spending is penciled in at AED 59.95bn (USD16.32bn).
- is 2% higher than **budget for 2022** (USD 9.37bn)**Sharjah’s approved AED 34.42bn** 2021: it prioritizes infrastructure (44% of budget), economic (27%) and social development (21%) and is expected to create about 1,000 jobs for newly graduated citizens.
- **about 2 million passengers** that thdisclosed on Dec 30**Dubai International Airport** . th**were expected to pass through the gates till Jan 10**
- , th**UAE will ban its unvaccinated citizens from travelling abroad starting Jan 10** except those who are exempt on medical or humanitarian grounds.

Media Review

Ten economic trends that could define 2022

<https://www.ft.com/content/432d78ee-6163-402e-8950-d961b4b1312b>

Clouds over 2022

[-https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/economic-market-outlook-2022-by-nouriel-roubini-2021-12](https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/economic-market-outlook-2022-by-nouriel-roubini-2021-12)

IMF’s Top 10 Blogs of 2021 Show Breadth of Global Policy Challenges

<https://blogs.imf.org/2021/12/23/top-10-blogs-of-2021-show-breadth-of-global-policy-challenges/>

How a year outside the EU’s legal and trading arrangements has changed Britain

[-https://www.economist.com/britain/2022/01/01/how-a-year-outside-the-eus-legal-and-trading-arrangements-has-changed-britain](https://www.economist.com/britain/2022/01/01/how-a-year-outside-the-eus-legal-and-trading-arrangements-has-changed-britain)

Slow progress as Lebanon awaits IMF economic deal

[-https://www.france24.com/en/live-news/20211229-slow-progress-as-lebanon-awaits-imf-economic-deal](https://www.france24.com/en/live-news/20211229-slow-progress-as-lebanon-awaits-imf-economic-deal)

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